



COMMUNITY POLICING COMMITTEE

HIS WORSHIP, THE MAYOR AND COUNCILLORS

SUBJECT: BC PARTNERSHIP FOR RESPONSIBLE GAMBLING

RECOMMENDATION:

1. THAT Council approve the City of Burnaby becoming a member of the BC Partnership for Responsible Gambling.

REPORT

The Community Policing Committee, at its meeting held on 2008 May 08, received the <u>attached</u> report providing information on youth gambling, and current Provincial initiatives to prevent and reduce the incidence of gambling among youth.

The Committee expressed concerns for the number of impressionable youth becoming addicted to gambling, pressures from Family Gaming Centres and the ease by which youth were able to access on line gambling.

Arising from discussion, the Committee requested that Council authorize the City of Burnaby to become a member of the BC Partnership of Responsible Gambling.

Respectfully submitted,

Councillor P. Calendino Chair

Councillor C. Jordan Vice Chair

Councillor G. Begin Member

Copied to: City Manager
Director Finance
Director Planning & Building

RCMP. OIC





TO:

CHAIR AND MEMBERS

SOCIAL ISSUES COMMITTEE

DATE:

2008 March 11

FROM:

DIRECTOR PLANNING AND BUILDING

FILE:

47000 20

SUBJECT:

YOUTH GAMBLING

PURPOSE:

To provide the Committee and Council with information on youth gambling, and current

Provincial initiatives to prevent and reduce the incidence of gambling among youth.

RECOMMENDATION:

1. THAT the Committee forward this report to Council and to the Community Policing Committee for information.

REPORT

1.0 BACKGROUND

At its meeting of 2007 October 16, the Social Issues Committee considered an invitation from the B.C. Partnership for Responsible Gambling (the Partnership) to its annual forum scheduled for 2007 November 16. The theme for the 2007 forum was youth gambling. Upon learning that one of the City's Social Planners would be attending the forum, Committee members requested a staff report on highlights from the forum.

This report responds to that request.

2.0 THE B.C. PARTNERSHIP FOR RESPONSIBLE GAMBLING

The B.C. Partnership for Responsible Gambling was created by the Province in the autumn of 2006. The Partnership includes the Provincial Gaming Policy and Enforcement Branch (GPEB), the B.C. Lottery Corporation (BCLC), gaming services providers (e.g., casino and bingo hall operators), and local governments. The Partnership is dedicated to promoting responsible gambling in order to reduce the incidence of problem gambling, to reduce the risks and harm related to problem gambling, and to increase public awareness and promote healthy gaming choices. A Steering Committee was created in September 2007 to serve in an advisory capacity to the Partnership. The Steering Committee is also charged with strengthening the partnership by encouraging the participation of municipalities.¹

¹ There are currently nine municipal members of the partnership. The City of Burnaby is not a member, although one of the City's Social Planners is serving a two year term on the Steering Committee.

To: Social Issues Committee

From: Director Planning and Building

Re: Youth Gambling

3.0 YOUTH GAMBLING

The Youth Gambling Forum featured presentations from experts in the field of youth gambling and prevention. The presentations highlighted the prominent position of gambling in youth culture, and youth perspectives on - and motivations for - gambling.² Forum participants were also provided with an overview of existing Provincial youth gambling prevention initiatives, and with an opportunity to identify other initiatives which could be undertaken to reduce the incidence of problem gambling among youth.

3.1 The Issue

According to a 2002 gambling prevalence study conducted in British Columbia, 10% of young adults (18-24 years old) have a gambling problem. This rate is 2-4 times the prevalence rate among adults. There is ample research which demonstrates that youth as young as 13 years actively participate in the addictive activity of gambling.3

Most youth who gamble do not play slot machines and table games in casinos, but purchase lottery tickets and scratch cards, participate in sports pools, and/or gamble from home on computers, cell phones, or hand-held games. According to research conducted by McGill University's International Centre for Youth Gambling Problems and High-Risk Behaviours, there are a number of troubling trends in gambling which negatively affect youth, including:

- the perception of gambling as a family activity;4
- the perception of gambling as a primary form of entertainment;
- the perception of gambling as the new rite of passage into adulthood;
- an increase in technologically-based gambling; and
- the perception that gambling is a relatively harmless activity.

Generally, youth view gambling as a socially acceptable and enjoyable form of entertainment. They are drawn to it by the fun and excitement of risk-taking, and by what they view as skill development. On a scale of issues youth are concerned about - including drug use, violence, peer pressure, sexually transmitted diseases, street racing, and alcohol misuse - gambling hardly rates.5

3.2 Current Provincial Initiatives Aimed At Youth Gambling

British Columbia's Problem Gambling Strategy was introduced in 2003 to address the incidence and consequences of problem gambling. With regards youth, a detailed three year plan (2007 -2010) for the Strategy includes initiatives to:

² Much of the information was derived from recent youth focus groups and a youth survey in British Columbia.

³ A study conducted by the International Centre for Youth Gambling Problems and High-Risk Behaviours at McGill University found that 56% of Grade 7 students engage in gambling at least once per week. The equivalent figure for cigarette use is 4%, and for alcohol use is 2.6%

⁴ Gambling activities often begin in the home, with parents who purchase lottery tickets as Christmas stocking stuffers for children as young as 10 years.

This information derives from research conducted in 2006/07 by DECODE, a research and strategy firm which assists organizations to "decode" the behaviour of youth, young adults, and young families.

To:

Social Issues Committee

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Re:

Youth Gambling

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- develop a comprehensive youth-specific strategy;
- develop an elementary school prevention educational tool:
- develop a prevention resource for high-schools; and
- deliver the "Know the Score" program at post-secondary institutions.

The Provincial roll-out of KnowDice, the elementary school prevention tool, began in January 2008. The program, which was piloted in Richmond schools with considerable success, will be delivered by Grade 6 teachers in participating communities.⁶ The KnowDice program consists of:

- an interactive CD-rom game which educates elementary school children on the risks associated with excessive gambling and other addictive behaviours; and
- a website designed to provide fun and interactive education about gambling and problem gambling.

The proposed prevention resource for high-school youth is in its infancy. The City of Richmond and the City of Vancouver are currently participating with the Province in the development of a pilot Science World project.

"Know the Score", an interactive problem gambling awareness program aimed at university and college students, was developed in Ontario. It is designed to dispel myths about winning and losing, to highlight signs of problem gambling, to increase awareness of local problem gambling resources, and to provide information on limiting gambling risks. The program has been delivered on sixty campuses across Canada, and will be introduced to three British Columbia universities (Simon Fraser University, University of Victoria, and University College of the Fraser Valley) in spring 2008.

3.3 Next Steps

The Steering Committee for the Partnership will continue to meet to guide the implementation of the above-noted three year plan which, as noted, includes the development of a comprehensive The Steering Committee will consider the potential prevention initiatives vouth strategy. pertaining to youth gambling which were suggested at the youth gambling forum, which include:

- the introduction of youth gambling prevention initiatives in more British Columbia communities:
- the development of interactive educational games and materials aimed at parents for placement within gaming facilities;
- the development of resources to assist parents and families to identify unhealthy play; and
- the sponsorship of program assessments to ensure messages to youth and to parents are effective.

⁶ As the KnowDice program is not part of the basic curriculum, school districts and individual teachers can choose to use it or not.

To:

Social Issues Committee

From:

Director Planning and Building

Re:

Youth Gambling

4.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

The B.C. Partnership for Responsible Gambling sponsored a forum in November 2007 on the topic of youth gambling. Participants were presented with information on the prominent position of gambling in youth culture, and youth perspectives on - and motivations for - gambling. Forum participants were also provided with an overview of existing Provincial youth gambling prevention initiatives, and with an opportunity to identify other initiatives which could be undertaken to reduce the incidence of problem gambling among youth.

A Steering Committee for the Partnership will continue to meet to provide guidance on the implementation of British Columbia's Responsible Gambling Strategy, which includes a number of elements targeted to youth. Should the Committee wish, additional information on progress with gambling prevention among youth can be provided by staff as it becomes available.

It is recommended that a copy of this report be forwarded to Council and the Community Policing Committee for information.

B. Luksun, Director

PLANNING AND BUILDING

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Copied to:

City Manager

Director Parks, Recreation & Cultural Services

OIC - Burnaby RCMP

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