Following is a report from the Capital Improvement Committee regarding the 1976 Local Improvement Program.

## RECOMMENDATION:

1. THAT the Committee's recommendations be adopted.

| MO: MUNICIPAL MANAGER | Io December 1975 |
| :--- | ---: |
| FROM: MUNICIPAL TREASURER | File: I52-8 |

RE: 1976 IOCAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

1. Results of Questionnaire

On 22 August 1975, Council directed that questionnaires be sent to owners affected by the proposed 1976 local improvement program. The questionnaires were to be sent to owners on streets on which it was possible to offer, in addition to pavement, a choice of curbs or curbwalks, curbs or curbs and separated sidewalks, or curbs and a sidewalk on one side of the street only. Owners on streets for which the works are governed by topography and safety factors would have no option and would not recelve queationnaires.

Of the thirtymaix streets included in the attached program, options were made available to owners on sixteen streets, one of which (Dundas) had several options. Attached is a table showing the response. The rates of response ranged from $42 \%$ to $88 \%$ - very high indeed.

It will be observed that except for Whitsel. Avenuo and Union Street, the owners clearly Indicate that they object to local improvomenta at current costs. Or. eleven atreete where curbwalles wore offored as an alternativo to curba only, the Indicatjons are that $59 \%$ of the reapondents favoured. curbwalks, and on those atreeta whore separate walka ware offered an an
alternative, the indications are that only $33 \%$ were in favour of separate walks.

Generally, the response to the questionnaire was negative and appears to be related entirely to cost.

It will be the recommendation of this report that no further questionnaires of this nature go forward; that works be initiated on the joint recommendation of the Engineering and Planning Departments; and that if owners on a street petition against a work because they wish a work different from the one proposed, that in suci instances Council accept a petition signed by a sufficient number of owners for the alternate work, provided that the alternate work meets with Engineering and Planning approval.
2. Frontage Tax Rules

Currently, with one exception mentioned later in this report, the cost of constructing local improvement street, lane and ornamental lighting works is allocated $50 \%$ to abutting owners and $50 \%$ to the Corporation. The rate per taxable front foot is determined by dividing the costs of all works of like description to be initiated at one time by the total of the taxable frontages of all such works and incorporating this rate in the Burnaby Local Improvement Charges By-law. This means that due to the maximum frontage rules (described in this report), on some streets the owners pay more than $50 \%$ of the cost of constructing those streets, and on other streets the owners pay less than $50 \%$. This means also that if some of the initiatives fail, the proportions of cost sharing alter. The final program approved may show the owners paying more or less than $50 \%$ of the gross cost.

In 1958, at the onset of the local improvement program in Burnaby, Council was faced with two problems requiring resolution before programs could proceed. There were a number of large-size undeveloped properties in Burnaby, some of which were being held by veterans under V.L.A. regulations. To tax such properties on full frontages might have caused some of such owners to press for subdivision and sale of their properties. This was not considered to be in the public interest at that time. Also, there were a large number of streets on which the majority of lots flanked. Owners of these lots would not be interested in street improvements if they were faced with taxes on full frontage as well as on full flankage. As the local improvement method was the only instrument available at the time to finance the reconstruction and paving to interim standard of the street system of the community, some method had to be found to encourage the use of this instrument. Also, there was the fact that taxing two frontages of a corner property placed an onerous load of taxation on the owmer of such a property, with the consequence that in cities where this system prevailed, corner lots tended to remain vacant.

As a consequence, Councll adopted the following frontage rules as quoted from Section 4(1) of Burnaby Local Tmprovement Charges By-law 1975, By-1aw No. 6629:
"(a) Where the number of f'eet of a parcel of land which abuts on any of the sald works is more than 66 feet, the taxable foot frontage shall be 66 feet.
(b) Notwithatanding anythlng in this by-law containcd
(i) where a parcel of lond fo aituated at the junction or intersection of streets and the work la provided on or along more than one alde of the parcel, the taxuble floot frontage ahnil be not more than 66 freet;
(ii) where a parcel of land is situated at the junction or intersection of streets and the work is provided on or along a second side of the parcel, where a similar work is already provided on or along one side, the taxable foot frontage shall be not more than 66 feet less the taxable foot frontage already charged against the parcel for the similar work;
(iii) where the front and rear boundaries of a parcel of land each abut on a highway, other than a lane, and the work is provided on or along both such boundaries, the taxable foot frontage shall be not more than 66 feet;
(iv) where the frontage of a parcel of land abutting the works is less than five feet, the taxable frontage shall be established at five feet."

In order to give relief to corner lots it was necessary to set a maximum frontage rate. 66 feet was chosen because it represented two 33 foot lots, a commonly used residential site. This has had three disadvantages It lessened the charge on choice residential properties of large size, and commercial and industrial properties. To some extent the smaller frontage tax was offset by the portion of the general mill rate required to pay the Corporation's share of the cost, which until recently was about $65 \%$; the portion of the mill rate applicable bears more heavily on expensive homes, commercial and industrial properties, than it does on the average residence. As noted earlier in this report, it complicates the rate setting process. Finally, it makes inequitable the apportionment of costs between owners when subdivision occurs.

In explanation of this latter point - Section 424 of the Municipal Act requires that the frontage tax on a parcel must be divided between the newly created parcels proportionate to their frontages. For example, if a parcel with 500 feet of frontage is subdivided into ten parcels, the $\$ 176.88$ annual charge must be reapportioned $\$ 17.68$ to each newly created parcel, notwithstanding the fact that all other 50 foot parcels on the street are taxed $\$ 134.00$ per annum for the same works.

This situation has been drawn to the attention of the Department of Municipal Affairs on a number of occasions over the years. Finally, the Spring session of the Legislature repealed Section $415(3)(c)$, (d) and (e) of the Municipal Act, after which sections (i), (ii) and (iii) of By-law No. 6629 cited above are patterned, and enacted a new section 4.15 (3) (c) as follows:

> "the assessment of corner parcels of land, parcels of abnormal or irregular shape or situation, and rights-of-way of railways and utilities may be varied in the manner and to the extent provided in the by-law to the end that they may be dealt with in a fair and equitable manner as compared with other porcels."

Except for corner lots, the problems of 1958 with respect to local improvements are no longer with us. Subdivialong are occurrine with regularity. Small parcels are being concolidated to create largex ones. Nil atreets in Burnaby have been paved, elther to finlahed interim or finlshed atandords By the enactment of section $415(3)(c)$ we now have the means of giving relief to corner lots whout giving unnecestary relfof to pareole other than corner lota.

## ITEM 9

MANAGER'S REPORT NO. 81
COUNCIL MEETING Dec. 15/75

It is proposed that Section 4 of Burnaby Local Improvement Charges By-law 1975, By-law No. 6629, be repealed and the following be enacted in its place:
"(i) where a parcel of land is situated at the junction or intersection of highways and the work or service is provided on or along more than one side of the parcel, the taxable footfrontage shall be the actual foot-frontage of the shortest of the two frontages plus $25 \%$ of the actual frontage of the longer of the two frontages;
(ii) where a parcel of land is situated at the junction or intersection of highways and the work is provided on or along the longer of the two frontages of the parcel, the taxable footfrontage shall be the actual foot-frontage of the shortest of the two frontages;
(iii) where a similar work or service payable by special charges has previously been provided on or along one side of a parcel, the taxable foot-frontage shall be $25 \%$ of the actual frontage of the longer of the two frontages;
(iv) where the frontage of a parcel of land abutting the works is less than five feet, the taxable frontage shall be established at five feet."

In other words, all regularly shaped lots would be taxed on actual frontage, irregularly shaped lots taxed on the frontage determined by the Assessor pursuant to Section $415(5)$ of the Municipal Act, and corner lots on their shortest frontage for the first work to affect them and on $25 \%$ of the longest frontage on the second work to affect them.
3. Proposed 1976 Program

The program considered by Council on 22 August 1975 totalled $\$ 2,221,775$. $\$ 1,093,000$ in works were included in the questionnaire. $\$ 919,000$ in works were in disfavour. To bring the 1976 program up to the amount originally approved by Council, the Planning and Engineering Departments have added $\$ 818,667$ of further works, bringing the new total to $\$ 2,121,442$. The prom gram is attached for consideration of Council.

It will be noted that there are eighteen sections of $4^{\prime}$ separated sidewalks proposed for six streets in the program and that it is proposed that they be initiated separately from the initiatives for the paving and curb works. The consequence will be that some owners will favour sidewalks by themselves or paving by itself, or will favour both together or reject both, in which instances the Corporation should be prepared to construct the work or works on which insufficient or no petitions are received against proceeding with the work.
4. Frontage Taxes

Councti's policy for the 1975 program was that the Corporation would bear approximately $50 \%$ of the gross cost of constructing 28 fect of paving plus curbing, or 28 fect of' paving plus 5 foot curbwalks or 4 foot separstied welks, together with the portions of the costa of constructing atrects of widths greater than 28 feet which exceed that of the cost of constructing a 28 foot. street.

It in recomended that thile polley be applied to the 1976 program. After applying tha polley, the cost ot the 1.976 program may be amlyned an follows:

## - 5 -

Corporation's $50 \%$ share
Corporation's assumption of costs of street widths greater than 28'

Owners' share of the cost
$\$ 1,001,588.50$
$118,265.00$
I,119,853.50
1,001,588.50
$\$ 2,121,442.00$

Construction costs per linear foot are estimated at:
28' pavement and curbing both
28' pades of a street
pathent and $5^{\prime}$ curbwalks
28' pavement only a street
4' separated sidewalk

1975
$\$ 44.00$

| 50.00 | 56.00 |
| :--- | ---: |
| 37.00 | 42.00 |
| 15.00 | 17.74 |

Frontage tax rates calculated @ $101 / 2 \%$ per annum annually for each of fifteen years would be:

| 28' pavement and curbing both |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| 28' pavement and $5^{\prime}$ ' curbwalks | 2.19 | 2.26 |
| both sides of a street | 2.68 | 2.53 |
| 28' pavement only | 1.36 | 1.90 |
| 4' separated walks | 1.78 | 1.41 |

The differences between 1975 and 1976 rates may be accounted for:
In 1975 the rates were determined by dividing the taxable frontage into the owner's share of the cost. Particularly in the case of the $28^{\prime}$ pavement only and the single 4' separated walk, the total taxable frontages in 1975 were small, with a large portion of the actual frontage being exempt because of the prevailing frontage tax rules. Consequently, the rate and charge per property had to be large to defray $50 \%$ of the construction cost of the works. And, of course, the construction costs for 1976 are estimated to increase.

The effect on property owners for $28^{\prime}$ pavements and 5' curbwalks may be shown as follows

| Lot size | 1975 program <br> Annual charge | 1976 program <br> Annual charge |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\$ 88.44$ | $\$ 83.49$ |
| $50^{\prime}$ | 134.00 | 126.50 |
| $66^{\prime}$ | 176.88 | 166.98 |
| $75^{\prime}$ | 176.88 | 189.75 |
| $100^{\prime}$ | 176.88 | 253.00 |
| $200^{\prime}$ | 176.88 | 506.00 |
| $300^{\prime}$ | 176.88 | 759.00 |

The effect on corner lots will be:
(a) On a Lot alze $50^{\prime} \times 120^{\prime}$ where the work proceeds on the short side in one year and on the other side in another year:

|  | 2975 method | 1976 method |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual charge for first work | \$1.34.00 | \$106.50 |
| Annual chareg for second work | 12.88 | 79.50 |
| Annual charge in year both take effect | \$1.76.88 | W206.00 |

(b) On a lot size $50^{\prime} \times 120^{\prime}$ where the work proceeds on the long side in one year and on the other side in another year:

|  | 1975 method | 1976 method |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual charge for first work | \$176.88 | \$126.50 |
| Annual charge for second work | nil | 79.50 |
| Annual charge in year both take effect | \$176.88 | \$206.00 |

(c) Suppose the work was done on the short side in some previous year. on this $50^{\prime} \mathrm{X}$ 120' lot, then the costs would be:

| Annual charge per 1975 method for first work | $\$ 134.00$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| Annual charge per 1976 method for second work | $\frac{79.50}{}$ |
| Annual charge in year both take effect | $\$ 213.50$ |

(d) Suppose the work was done on the long side in some previous year on this $50^{\prime} \mathrm{X} \mathrm{120'} \mathrm{lot} ,\mathrm{then} \mathrm{the} \mathrm{costs} \mathrm{would} \mathrm{be:}$
Annual charge per 1975 method for first work $\$ 176.88$
Annual charge per 1976 method for second work
75.50

Annual charge in year both take effect
$\$ 256.38$
The extra costs involved when some previous work is in place and a second work is constructed to be paid for by 1976 rates is something that is difficult to avoid and happens because of the advent of a completely new system of charging for the works.
5. Petitions

Your Committee considered the desirability or otherwise of accepting petitions for local improvement works.

A petition pursuant to section 591 of the Municipal Act, to be valid must be signed by two-thirds of the parcels liable to be specially charged and the signatories must be the owners of parcels having a value of at least one-half of the total assessed value of all parcels affected by the works. The petition must bear a description of all of the parcels affected, contain a general description of the work, the annual charge per taxable front foot or proportion of the cost of the work which will be the owner's portion as established by by-law, and the number of years for which annual charges will be imposed.

This was not always the case. A formal petition is now a most time consuming and curnbersome method of undertaking local improvements. An interested citIzen must approach the Engineering Department. The Ingineering Department must provide all of the information necessery for the petition before the signatures may bc obtained. They would come in in dribs and drabs and be most difficult to control and to fit into the tendering procesn. And, furthermore, few formal petitions are likely to proceed.

Under the inltiative method, the same amount of information f a necessary but requires o petition againat the work of a majority of owners owning at least one-half' of the property value to defeat it. This method has long been used by the corporation because of itts economy of motion. A large number of projects can be ansembled and processed at one timo, allowing for posttive tendering of the works to talse place.

Howevor, there da midale ground. Up until now, the Enginecring jopartment has accented requests from as few an one owner as an fadtoation that a local improvemont is wonted, and caused to be instituted indtative proceduren.

It is recommended that, in future, petitions outlining the work that is desired, omitting reference to frontages and costs, be handed to interested parties. On receipt of a petition containing the signatures of Owners of at least ten of the affected properties or owners of at least $51 \%$ of the affected properties (whichever is the lesser), a formal initiative notice would go forward in the year following, provided the petition is received by 30 June. Other than making sure that the signatories are indeed registered owners, it shouldn't be necessary to insist that all signatures of multiple ownership properties appear on the petition.

The balance of each year's program would be made up of works considered to be in the public interest, as recommended by the Engineering and Planning Departments.

## RECOMMENDATIONS

1. THAT the above report on the results of the questionnaire be received; and
2. THAT the questionnaire be dropped from the local improvement process; and
3. THAT the proposed program of works, attached, be approved for initiation; and
4. THAT the system of frontage tax rules outlined on pages 4,5 and 6 hereof be adopted; and
5. THAT the Corporation continue to bear approximately $50 \%$ of the gross cost of constructing sidewalks, curbing and pavement to widths of 28 feet plus that portion of the cost of constructing streets of widths greater than 28: attributable to the excess street widths; and
6. THAT future programs be comprised of works recommended by the Planning and Engineering Departments as being in the public interest plus works for which a petition signed by the owners of at least ten affected parcels or $51 \%$ of the number of parcels, whichever is the lesser, received by 30 June each year; and
7. THAT the 1977 program be submitted to Council by I September 1976; and
8. THAT Burnaby Local Improvement Charges By-law 1975, By-Iaw No. 6629, be repealed and the following be enacted to indicate:
(i) where a parcel of land is situated at the junction or interaection of hlghways and the work or service is provided on or along more than one side of the parcel, the taxable footfrontage shall be the actual foot-frontage of the shortest of the two frontages plus $25 \%$ of the actual frontage of the longer of the two frontages;
(1i) where a parcel of land is situated at the function or interm section of highways and the work is provided on or along the longer of the two frontages of the parcel, the tinxable footfrontage shall be the actual foot-frontage of the ahortest of the two frontages;
(Lit) where a similax work or gervitee payable by apeatal ohsreat has proviousily been provided on or allong one asde of a pareel, the taxabie footimpontace ahall. be $25 \%$ of tho setmat frontage of the longer of the two frontugen:
(Iv) where the frontage of a pareel of land abutbine tho works La lesa than fitvo feet, the taxable frontage ahalle be outabliched at five feet.";
and rates as follows:
1) $28^{\prime}$ pavement and curb ons side:

| pavement side | $\$ 1.90$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| curb side | 2.26 |

2) 28' pavement and curbs both sides
2.26
3) $28^{2}$ pavement and curb one side and 5' curbwalk other side:
curb side
5? curbwalk side
4) 28\% pavement and 5' curbwalks both sides
2.26
2.53
5) $36^{\prime}$ pavement and curbs both sides
6) $36^{\prime}$ pavement and $5^{\prime}$ curbwalks both sides
7) 28' pavement, curb one side, 4.5: abutting walk other side:
curb side
2.26

5' curbwalk side
2.53
8) $36^{\circ}$ pavement, curb one side, $5^{\prime}$ curbwalk other side:
curb side
2.26

5: curbwalk side
2.53
9) $46^{\prime}$ pavement, 6' curbwalks both sides:

| curb side | 2.26 |
| ---: | :--- |
| 2.53 |  |

$6^{2}$ curbwalk side
2.53
10) 4' separated sidewalks

$$
1.41
$$

and,
9. THAT, in the event owners petition against a work and indicate that the reason for the petition is because they want some other work, the petitioners be supplied with a petition drawn pursuant to section 591 of the Municipal Act, conditional that the alternate work be approved by the Planning and Engineering Departments, and that on prompt receipt of a surficient petition the works proceed.

## Bumbentra

Bart McCafferty, CHATRMAN, C.I.P. COMMIITEE
representing: Municipal Manager
Municipal. Treasurer
Muntclpal Engineer
Parks \& Recreation Administrator Disector of plamning

BM: EV
Attach.
cc. C.I.P. Committee

1. Dent -

Kitchener to Graveley
2. Whitsell William to Graveley
3. Rosser William to Graveley
4. Kitchener -

Hadison to Willingdon
5. Grant -

Madison to Carleton
6. Charles

Hadison to Carleton
7. Linwood -

Boundary to Smith
9. Halley Moscrop to Spruce
9. Darwit Moscrop to Pine
10. Pine -

Darwin to Huxley
11. Barker -

Hoscrop to Spruce
12. Spruce Halley to Huriey
13. Spruce -

McDoaild to Garleton
$\begin{array}{ll}\omega^{14} & \text { Siruce - } \\ \omega & \text { Halley to Carleton }\end{array}$

Pavemen= Wicth
$28^{\prime}$

28


28'
$28^{\circ}$
$28^{\prime}$
$28^{\prime}$
$28^{\prime}$
$28^{\circ}$
28'
$28^{\prime}$
$28^{\prime}$
$28^{\circ}$
$28^{\prime}$
$28^{\prime}$

Primary Initiation

Curbs B/S

Curbs B/S

Curbs $8 / 5$

Curbs $B / S$ and Curbwalk N/Side only Curbs B/S and Curbwalk N/Side only
from Lane E. Madison to Willingdon

Curbs B/S
Curbs B/S
Curbs B/S
Curbs B/S
Curbs B/S
Curbs B/S
Curbs B/S
Curbs N/S and Curowalk S/S
Curbs s/S and Curbwalk S/S

Curbs N/S and Abutting, Walk S/S

Cost Estimate


Dis．trict of Burnaby
$\because$ strest

15．$E 1=-$
16． $\mathrm{FL}=$－
Fli－
Halley to Carleton
17．Forest－
Smith to McDonald
Spruce－
Royal Oak to Canada Way
19．Atlee－．
Spruce to Monarch
20．WIIIam－
Carleton to Madison
21．Kitchener－
Carletou to Madison
$28^{\prime}$
2．Madisoc－
Albert to Cambridge
（23．
3．Pendora－
Boundary to militngdon．
24．Union－
Boundary to G11mora

25．．Matetiald－
Scith w．so cu1－ce－sac
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Original 1976 Program Approved by Council for Questionnaire Proceedings（cont＇d）

| Paveee：＝\％dith | Prizary Initiation | Cost Estinate | Variations＝o be offereả <br> In the 0 uns＝inanatre |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $28^{\prime}$ | Curomalks B／S | \＄15，000 | Nore |
| 281 | Curbwalks B／S | \＄32，500 | None |
| $28^{\prime}$ | Curbs B／S | \＄85，000 | CuFbwalks 3／S |
| 28 ＇ | Curbwalks B／S | \＄140，000 | None |

Curbwalks 3／s

4＇Separate welk S／Side only

No variミミさ゚ロミ5

Curbs 3／s and 4＇Separate Walks $2 / \mathrm{S}$ Dundas to Pardora $3 / \mathrm{S}$ PaIdora to Albert
$\$ 101.120$
$\$ 240^{\circ}, 000$
4Nepazata Kalks S／s．Carleton to Willingdo S／S．Canletsa to Mil
N／S Mason E．i32＊ N／S Gilnore to Carleton
$4^{2}$ Separate Walks S／S Boundary to Esmond S／S Insiato to Gilmore

No varfatsons

ITEM 9
MANAGER＇S REPORT NO． 81
COUNCIL MEETIMG Dec． $15 / 75$
Titan 27
manager
council
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get

Original 1976 Program Approved by Council for Questionnaire Proceedings (cont'd)

District of Burnaby

## Street

26. Carleton -

Albert to Triumph
27. Carleton -

Dundas to McGill
28. Dundas -

Carleton to Willingdon

## Paveran: = Iith

$28^{\circ}$
$28^{\prime}$
$28^{\prime}$
2. Sutcliff -

Duthie E. to cul-de-aac
30. Dundas -

Gilmore to Carleton
31. Carletor -

Triumph to Dundas
32. Graveley -
:W111ngan to Carieton
33. Laure1 -

Boundary to Sulth

## $28^{\prime}$

$28^{\prime}$
$28^{\prime}$
$36^{\prime}$
$36^{\prime}$
-

981

## Primayy Intitation

Cost Estimate $\begin{aligned} & \text { Variations to be offeret } \\ & \text { in the questionaize }\end{aligned}$.
Cost Estimate Variations to ode offere؛

Curbs $B / S$ and $4^{\circ}$ separate walks W/S Pandora to Triumph E/S Pandora to Albert

Curbs $B / S$ and $4^{\prime}$ separate walks W/S Dundas to Oxford
W/S Oxford to Lane N.
W/S Eton to Lane S. Eton W/S McG111 to Lane S. MeG111 E/S McGill to Eton

Curbs B/S
\$42,235 Hone
\$ 84,470 Hone
\$ 98,500 . 4' Separate Walks S/S Madison to Rosser BiS Rosser to Willingdon
$\frac{\text { or }}{\text { Por }}$
Por s/S Madison to
willingdon offer
alternative of curbwalk

| Curbs 3/s | \$ 32,500 | No variations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Curbs $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{S}$ | § 31,250 | No varfations |
| Curbs E/S | \$ 16,250 | No varlations |
| Curbs $B / S$ and 4 ' separate walks $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{S}$ | $\$ 137,900$ | None |
| Curbwalks B/S | \$ 57,800 | None |

District of Burnaby - -

Exロ=

Y̌áason
Mastiags to Albert

3rantiord
Imperial to Strawson
Huxley -
iloscrop to Spruce
-

TOAEL

Original 1976 Program Approved by Council for Questionnaire Proceedings (cont'd)



Percent de thosa setumed.
21 October 1975

District of Surmaby

28 FOOT PAVEMENT CURB ONE SIDE

Profect
Dundas
Carleson

Limits
Gilmore－Carleton
Triumpin－Dundas

28 FOOT PAVEMENT CUPBS BOTH SIDES

| Madison | Albert－Cambridge | $1590^{\circ}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Carleton | Albert－Triumph | $800=$ |
| Gitchene： | Carleton－Madison | $720^{1}$ |
| Wakefiela | Smith West to Cul－de－sac | $610^{\circ}$ |
| Union | Boundary－Gilmore | $2130^{7}$ |
| Sutclifit | Duthie East to Cul－de－sac | $650^{7}$ |
| Maitiand | Nelson－Sussex | $800^{\circ}$ |
| Burns | Griffiths－Sperling | $810^{\prime}$ |
| Mary | Vista－Elvell | $800^{\circ}$ |
| Gilpin Court | G11pin South to Cul－de－sac | $280^{*}$ |
| Irmin | Boundary－Joffre | $570^{7}$ |


| Apprex．Length | Estixase |
| :---: | ---: |
| $590^{\circ}$ | $\$ 27,150$. |
| $270^{\circ}$ | $12,520$. |

$j c, 300$.
30，000．
35，000．
30,500 ．
106，550．
32，300．
40，000．
ITEM 9
MANAGER＇S REPORT NO． 81.
50,500 ．
40,3000
13， 500.
$28,500$.

62，500．．

District of Burnaby

28 EOOT EXVEMENT CURB ONE SIDE AND 5 FOOT CURBNALK OTHER SIDE


## District of Burnaby

35 FOOT $\because i:-$ E: 2 CURBS BOTH SIDES


28 FOOT PAJEMEUT, CIJRB ONE SIDE; 4.5 ABUTTING WALK OTAER SIDE Spruce

Halley - Barker

## 36 FOOT PATEMERT, CIRB ONE SIDE, 5 FOOT CURBWALK OTHER SIDE Iuxley <br> Moscrop - Spruce

46 FOOT PATEME:I, CURBS BOTH SIDES, 5.5 FOOT ABUTTING WALKS BOTH SIDES

Madison
NoPherson

Hastings - Albert
North P/L Lot "J", Block 27, D.L., 97 to the southerly Beresford Street

Curb north side, 4.5 foot abutting walk south side

260!
13,260.

District of Burnaby

4 EOOT SE:PARITED SIDEWALKS

| Project | Limits |
| :--- | :--- |
| Graveley | Willingdon - Carleton |
| Mary | Vista - Elwell |
| Mary | South P/L Lot C - Vista |
| Madison | Dundas - Pandora |
| Hadison | Pandora - Albert |
| Carleton | Pandora - Triumph |
| Carleton | Pandora - Albert |
| Gilmore. | Oxford - Lane North Oxford |
| Gilmore | Lane North Cambridge - Eton |
| Gilmore | Lane North Eton - Yale |
| Gilmore | Oxford Lane North Cambridge |
| Gilmore | Eton Lane North Eton |
| Gilmore | Trinity - Yale |
| McRay | Imperial - Maywood |
| Carleton | Dundas - Lane North of Oxford |
| Carleton | Eton - Lane South Eton |
| Carleton | McGill - Lane South McGill |
| Carleton | McGill - Eton |

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## ITEM 9

MANAGER'S REPORTNO. 81
COUNCIL MEETING Dec. $15 / 75$

## Re: ENGINEERTNG SERVICES FOR THE 1976 STREET LOCAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM

Following is a report from the Municipal Engineer on proposals for the design of certain streets that are included in the 1976 Street Local Improvement Program.

## RECOMMENDATION:

1. THAT the Corporation enter into an Engineering Agreement with McElhanney Surveying \& Engineering Ltd. for the design of various additional projects in the 1976 L.I.P. Street Program as outlined in the Engineer's letters dated November 13 and 21, 1975, with the understanding that the fee for these services are to be in accordance with Section IV, Scale 1 (payroll cost plus $125 \%$ ), of the "Outline of Services and Scale of Minimum Fees to be Charged for General Engineering Projects" published by the Association of Professional Engineers of B.C. dated September 5, 1975 to an upset of $\$ 10,650$ plus disbursements.

RE: ENGINEERING SERVICES FOR 1976 STREET
LOCAL IMPROVEMENT PROGRAM
Subsequent to the C.I.P. Committee's finalization of the 1976 L.I.P. for streets, it was found that a number of the projects have not been designed because they were late additions to the program.

I have, therefore, by way of my letters and terms of reference dated November $13 \& 21,1975$ (see attachments "A" and "B") Invited proposals from four reputable consulting firms.

A11 of the consultants contacted have submitted proposals based on the Corporation's terms of reference and standards. Therefore, on the basis that each consultant has proposed to complete the work in accordance with our standards and deadine the one remaining aspect of comparison is the cost of the work to the Corporation. In this respect the firm of McElhanney Surveying \& Engineering Ltd. has proposed to complete the requisite work for a fee of $\$ 10,650$, exclusive of disbursements. This is approximately $2 \%$ of the estimated cost of the listed profects. By comparison the other three firms have proposed the following fees:

| Web Engineering Ltd, | $\$ 11,950$. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Vector EngIneering Services Ltd, | $\$ 17,950$. |
| Hunter, Iadrd EngIneering Ltd. | $\$ 21,500$. |

Each of these proposed fees also excludes disbursementa.

## RECOMMENDATION:

THAT the Corporation enter Into an Dingtnearing Agreement for the destgn of vartous additional projects for the 1.976 I.T.P. program as outlined in the Engtioer's lethers dated Novamber $13 \& 21,1975$ wteh McELhanney Surveying \& Ragheerfag hed. Jhe fee for: these gervices are to bo thaccordance with Section IV, Scate 1 (paymal cont: plus $12.5 \%$ ), of the "Outine of Servilees and Scale of Minimun Focs to be Charged for General. Englnearing Projecta" published by the Ansoctatiton of Proforatomat Enghoers of B,C, dated September 5, 1.975 to an upset of $\$ 10,650$. plus dishursomentis.

Metihamey Surveying \& Engineering Led.
7832 - 120th Stroet
Surrey, B.C.
Dear Sire:
Re: Engineering Services for 1976 Street Local Improvement Prograw

Our original 1976 street Local Improvement Program has been reduced by reason of property owaers defeating certain projecti. In order to maintain a reaconable oleed program wo are proposing to ad: the streets shown on the actached list.

We Invite you to aublit proponals for your engineering eervices for fiald urvey, drafting, design and quantity takeoff for the projects listed.

The work shall be performed in accordance with our current etandarde and as detailed on the attached apectilication aheets.

The deadline for completion of these designs shall be February 29 , 1976. We anticipate that consultants for this work will be appointed by the end of SOvember.

Please submit your proposale by not later than November $26,1975$.
Yours truly,
E. E. Oleon, P. Eng. MUNICIPAL ENGINEET

VAW:wlh
Attch.
cc: ( ) Design Enginaer
by: V. N. Wiabe, I. Eng. DESIGN EMGINEER

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## ITEM <br> 9

MANAGER'S REPORT NO. 81
COUNCILMEETING Dec. 15/75

ADOITIOAS TO 1976 STREET L. I.Y.


* This aection added to Deaign No. 730050-8.
** This aection added to Design No. 730049-9.

ATTACHMENT "B"

## Metlhmany 8 uryeydas Enghaering Led. <br> 7832 - 120th Straet

Surtey, B.C.
Deaz 8Lrs:
Dat Engineering Sarvices for 1976
Street Local Improvenont Prosran
Further to my latter of Novamer 13, 1975 place be advised that two (2) projecte, al lieted below, have bean added to the program.

1. Bums - Griffiths to Sperllas - 28 feet - Curbs $8 / 5$.
2. MePherson - N.F.L. Lot ${ }^{\mathrm{ngn}}$, Blk. 27, D.L. 97 to - 46 faet - Curbs $85 \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{I}}$ ft. southeriy portion of 8aresford 3t. abutting walka B/3.

Please inciuda these two projacte in your proposal. Because of the laet inute notification regarding these additions $I$ have axtendad the deadilne to Decerber 1, 1975.

NWWivih
cci ( ) Dasign Engineer

Youra exuly.
E. E. O1mon, P. Eng. MONICIPAL ENGINEER


