Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

Audio Recording: 2022_0029_0001_003.mp3 Interviewer: Anushay Malik (INTVWR) Interviewee: Surjeet Kaur Parmar (SP) Date of Interview: December 6, 2022

Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

Transcriber: Rajdeep Dhadwal (RD)

- 1 INTVWR: Shall we start now?
- 2 SP: Yes.
- 3 INTVWR: Today we are doing an interview- I am interviewing Surject Ji at her house. I am
- 4 Anushay Malik and it is the 6th of December, 2022. Okay, we can also talk in Urdu, we can also
- 5 talk in Punjabi, we can also talk in English, they will translate it.
- 6 SP: Yes.
- 7 INTVWR: Firstly, could you please tell me a little bit about your family's migration story? In
- 8 what time did you come here, in what year did you come here, I know you have a very long [?]
- 9 in Burnaby, so first of all, who were the very first elders to come here from in your family?
- 10 SP: The very first who came was my- Mayo's big brother, Ginaya Singh.
- 11 INTVWR: Ginaya Singh
- SP: The very first elder to come- I've forgotten his name now, I wrote it in that book, he came
- here for the first time¹, then he went back after 2-3 years, then he brought four cousins with him
- 14 INTVWR: Are you talking about Ginaya Singh or the one who came before him?
- 15 SP: The one who came before him.
- 16 INTVWR: The one before him.
- 17 SP: Ginaya Singh, Doman and two others were with him that he brought with him.
- 18 INTVWR: I see [1:30]
- 19 SP: One of our nephews and three others. And in terms of my family, there was my grandfather,
- 20 he was younger in age, he was very weak. He said "this is difficult, we could get sick during the
- 21 journey, death could even happen", so they didn't send him. First he came here²; after that, Mayo
- came here a year or two after, because he wanted to come and his father had told him "let [the
- 23 unnamed elder who came here first] settle here first and then you will go. He said, "If you won't
- send me, if you won't make my passport, I'll go on my own" and his father said "You're
- stubborn" [?] and then he came. For a year he wandered around San Francisco, suddenly by
- chance he went to Kamloops and he met [?]
- 27 INTVWR: I see

-

¹ This is an unknown figure who may or may not be Ganda Singh (mentioned later in the transcripts) who came here first in Surjeet's family

² Surject is talking about the very first elder who came here, and not her grandfather who she just mentioned was not sent here

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- SP: Yes, they got together and they started working there. They came here to Paldi- they're the
- ones that made Paldi, right?
- 30 INTVWR: Yes, Mayo did
- 31 SP: They were initially in Duncan.
- 32 INTVWR: Yes
- 33 SP: And then over there they just kept working, Mayo and Ginaya Singh started understanding
- all the mill work, they [the mill owners] wanted to sell the mill and they sold it to [Ginaya and
- 35 Mayo]
- 36 INTVWR: I see[2:35]
- 37 SP: They were the first ones to come here. Then [unintelligible], then Ginaya shifted to
- 38 Vancouver.
- 39 INTVWR: And what was Ginaya Singh's relation to you, so that it can be recorded?
- 40 SP: He was my father's second cousin
- 41 INTVWR: Father's second cousin.
- 42 SP: Yes
- 43 INTVWR: Okay. So after this, what about the rest of your family or your father, where were
- 44 they? [3:00]
- 45 SP: My father- my chacha ji³- because my grandpa became really- even after my father- after a
- year and a half, were here, after six months, my chacha was here, three months my bua⁴ was
- 47 here⁵; at home, there were no men. His younger brother was married but then he passed away,
- and then afterwards, my grandpa. There were no men living at home. When Mayo's father was
- alive, he looked after them. So then afterwards when my chacha was 16 years old, he was in
- 50 grade 8 [unintelligible], he passed and they adopted him and brought him here in 1926. Mayo
- 51 came here in 1906.
- 52 INTVWR: In 1906, Mayo came here?
- 53 SP: Yes.
- 54 INTVWR: And Ginaya Singh- [unintelligible][3:55]

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³ Paternal uncle; specifically, dad's younger brother

⁴ Paternal aunt; used for younger or older aunts in relation to father's age

⁵ Clarification needed

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- 55 SP: No, he came a year before.
- 56 INTVWR: Oh I see, before 1906?
- 57 SP: Yes, beforehand
- 58 INTVWR: Okay... did you know anything about which ship or plane he came on?
- 59 SP: That I don't know[**4:00**]
- 60 INTVWR: No?
- 61 SP: He came on a ship.
- 62 INTVWR: Okay
- 63 SP: It took a long time to get here. If someone ran out of money, then they could work hard on
- the ship and managed like that. That's what they told me.[4:16]
- 65 INTVWR: I see. These are the stories I wanted to ask about
- 66 SP: That's what they said. That's why my grandfather never came. He was too weak, he said, if
- something happened, "I'll have to work, and even if I don't, who knows if I'll survive or not", so
- 68 they didn't bring him.
- 69 INTVWR: Grandfather as in paternal grandfather?
- 70 SP: My paternal grandfather.
- 71 INTVWR: Your paternal grandfather. Okay. And Ginaya Singh also- how did the rest know
- 72 Ginaya Singh? Mayo, Dolman- were they friends?
- 73 SP: No, they were all cousin-brothers.
- 74 INTVWR: Cousin-brothers
- 75 SP: That's how they were all able to come together, right? When his father was around, when his
- paternal grandfather was around, they said to him, "now that you've arrived there, take one
- 77 cousin from each side with you"
- 78 INTVWR: I see
- 79 SP: They were all second cousins. Take each one (a cousin from each family) and the whole
- 80 family will be over here.
- 81 INTVWR: I see.[5:08]
- 82 SP: So in our- there were four brothers. One was [from] Mayo's family, the person who brought
- him was his second cousin, real cousin. The rest were second cousins, two- Dolman and one

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- other. And the fourth was my grandfather. They were my grandfather's cousins. Cousin brothers,
- 85 there were four. It was these four.
- 86 INTVWR: I see. But everyone's village was one?
- 87 SP: Yes, it was all one village. Look, our great-grandfather wanted- because firstly, he worked in
- a business type of environment. He said that, how long will this go for? [?] so this family is
- growing bigger, how long will this go for? So let's send someone abroad. [6:00] So our great-
- 90 grandfather wanted someone to go abroad and he sent them here. So the first that came, you
- 81 know the first [that was previously mentioned]? Then he [the first] brought four more.
- 92 INTVWR: But why here? Why not somewhere else in America-
- 93 SP: It could have been anywhere. He liked it here so he stayed here. He did his research and said
- 94 this was [a] good [place].
- 95 INTVWR: Do you know what kind of research he did?
- 96 SP: I don't know anything about that. I don't even know my grandfather's name. In our house,
- 97 where- you know the pots that have names written in them? There was a glass and at the back of
- 98 it, it was written my father's name- Baldsher Singh. Even my mother- because even my paternal
- grandmother, [6:35] when she was little, and [?] died⁷- in my house, I've never seen any elders.
- My father never saw his father either, he was too little. We were little, he was 18 months- so,
- there was just my elder brother and I've just seen him. And after that, my mother told me, this is
- 102 your father's side. [**6:57**]
- 103 INTVWR: I see
- SP: Baldsher Singh. That's how I got to know about it.
- 105 INTVWR: Do you have any pots/pans/dishes now that have names engraved on them?
- 106 SP: No, I don't have those with me.
- 107 INTVWR: Okay. So, this is a family tradition that everyone partook in in which records of
- everyone's names were kept? [7:11]
- SP: Yes, because pots/pans went from here to there, [?] maybe you even know, whatever food,
- 110 milk, chai, [?]
- 111 INTVWR: I see

⁶ In Punjab, it is common practice to get names engraved into steel pots, especially for babies.

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⁷ Clarification needed to know who died

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- SP: Even I have had things written in my pots [unintelligible] [7:30] then my name was written.
- Even my pots, you know the big ones, even when we all did catering, we made everything at
- home and we used to take our own pots, then we knew whose were whose. My mother gave me
- big sets, we're four sisters including my sister in law, and everyone gives it. When we [?], we
- would get together, the *thaal*⁸, you know the tray? [?] so it's sixty, right?
- 117 INTVWR: Yes
- SP: We used to use those, but now disposables are around [8:04]. The tray machine came
- around, in the washing machine⁹. We wrote names there too, and I have those too, I think I've
- kept a few and donated the rest. I don't do art that much now, the kids do, we did catering and
- we did all that from home, we just use disposable plates now, but before I used to use these.
- 122 **[8:30**]
- 123 INTVWR: If you have any of those with your name?
- 124 SP: My name-
- 125 INTVWR: We can keep it-the museum can show it to people and it would be really nice [8:43]
- SP: I actually have a something to give to the museum- you know the thing that you use to put on
- kohl? I want to give it
- 128 INTVWR: A kohl bottle! How beautiful that must be!
- SP: I have it, I don't have any use for it anymore. My mother from me would or my daughter
- would two or three times use it [unintelligible]- I would use it, my kids would use it, their kids'
- kids would use it, it's used even now, it's beautiful, I'll show you [9:13]
- 132 INTVWR: Please!
- SP: I want to give that to you. I also used to have a homemade blanket that I want to give to you,
- I learned how to make it, it's *phulkari*. 10 We displayed it in the dining room, the colour of it was
- dark blue [?]. So I gave that away. My husband-
- 136 INTVWR: I see.
- SP: It was [a] phulkari blanket, there were two or three other things-
- 138 INTVWR: I see. And you made the blanket yourself?
- SP: I made it myself. It's displayed at a small museum over there in Coquitlam. [10:00]

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⁸ An Indian tray

⁹ Clarification needed

¹⁰ *Phulkari* is a type of Punjabi embroidery design.

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- 140 INTVWR: Yes, yes, yes. I know about that, Nadeem ji told me.
- SP: I thought I'll give one or two things to them that I don't need and a few things that my kids
- and I don't need. I have a shawl- I've given it away now to my middle granddaughter- it was my
- wedding shawl. It's a purple colour, a nice colour, It has a pearl embroidery on it- my suitcase-
- that my father made for me, so I used the shawl and kept it with me and none of my kids were
- interested, so I thought- when I took it out, then everyone was saying "this is so beautiful, I'll
- keep it". My daughter said "I'll keep it" so she kept it. Then I also have a sari, silky- it has a
- silky embroidery and it's as old as my son. My mother- You can wear it whenever, at any time.
- So I thought, I'm not going to wear this. There's no point in wearing suits, it's a nice sari, and I
- saw they displayed my sari there too at the museum.
- 150 INTVWR: Yes, absolutely!
- SP: So I thought I would give it to them. It's old, it's nice, I'll show it to you. If you like it, you
- can take it.
- 153 INTVWR: Absolutely! It's not necessary for us to keep it; if you want, we can give it back and
- 154 you can keep it-
- SP: No, no, no. Not now. Who knows how long we have now left in our lives, what are we going
- to do later with it? It's enough for us that we have these big, big suitcases. The new ones I got,
- the ones with the heavy embroidery, I gave a few of those away for donation, I only kept the
- ones that I can wear anytime
- 159 INTVWR: This is really great. If the kohl bottle and the sari are things we can keep for the
- museum exhibit that would be really great
- SP: Yes, I wanted to give it to you and now that you're here, I'll show you.
- 162 INTVWR: Please, please. And you were saying- And about the kohl bottle, because you had said
- that "my elders had used it-" [Unintelligible]
- SP: No, that was a different kohl bottle, this one was a simple one that my mother gave me.
- 165 INTVWR: I see, I see
- 166 SP: I still have the kohl for that.
- 167 INTVWR: Okay, I see
- SP: No one uses it anymore, I don't use it, so no one does, so it's just with me. It's my mother's
- [?]. My mother used to make kohl. You rub the kohl with your hands, then you leave it, then you
- put cardamom in it, and one or two other things you put into it, you know when it [?], then you
- fill water in a bottle to the top, then you put it in, when it soaks, then you rub it again. There are-
- there are other things people put in as well. So... then it's fine.

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- 173 A:I see. So, how did you acquire eyeliner here?
- SP: No I put it on in India by myself
- 175 INTVWR: Very nice.
- 176 SP: By myself
- 177 INTVWR: By yourself, very nice. And the rest- you were saying, a giani ji¹¹ came and he- I've
- 178 forgotten his name, he shifted to Vancouver, someone you mentioned- Ginaya.
- 179 SP: Ginaya Singh.
- 180 INTVWR: Ginaya Singh. He then shifted to Vancouver-
- SP: [We made] Maya Singh into Mayo, Ginaya Singh stayed Ginaya, he was the older and
- 182 [Mayo] was the younger.
- 183 INTVWR: I see, I see. So Ginaya Singh, why did he come to Vancouver?
- SP: He just shifted here, [?], then afterwards, he came here after his death and they moved to
- 185 Burnaby.¹²
- 186 INTVWR: His death?
- SP: I'm not sure how he died. I think a heart attack.
- 188 INTVWR: I see.
- SP: I was young when my younger brother was born. You know about Lohri?¹³
- 190 INTVWR: Yes
- SP: For 3 years we didn't celebrate because one died. Out of four brothers, after a year or two,
- they died. And then his son. Ginaya Singh's younger son. Because of this, our house didn't get
- any shagun¹⁴. But I was also very young back then, I don't really remember. But in our house,
- we had beautiful photos of kids up, we had such beautiful photos up, we would dress them all up,
- we would dress all the kids up back then; at first, it had never been like this, we would just wear
- whatever, even ripped clothes, that was the fashion. But it wasn't like this, coat, pants, the whole
- thing- and we never wore suits¹⁵. Suit fashion didn't really come about until the after the 70s.

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¹¹ A Sikh priest

¹² Not sure whose death Surject is referring to here.

¹³ Winter festival that celebrates newborns (traditionally only newborn sons) and newly married couples

¹⁴ Gifts/blessings

¹⁵ Punjabi dresses are called "suits" in Punjabi

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- 198 INTVWR: After the 70s
- SP: In the 80s when new people came- until '85, even I didn't wear them.
- 200 INTVWR: I see
- SP: After that, when I- when the freestyle [fashion] started, then I began wearing them. Up until
- then, only white people wore them. [?], then we all started wearing them. Up until then, we
- didn't wear them.
- 204 INTVWR: Can you now tell me a little bit more about yourself- Ginaya Singh came to
- Vancouver and your father too at this time?
- SP: No, my father didn't come at this time. My chacha came. And then, before that, they stayed
- in Paldi
- 208 INTVWR: What was his name?
- 209 SP: His name was Kashmira Singh
- 210 INTVWR: Kashmira Singh
- SP: Then they lived over there in Duncan, then when they came to Vancouver, they started their
- own mill in North Vancouver [unintelligible] they had a lot of properties, lots of people worked
- 213 there when the mill started. Everyone stayed there
- 214 INTVWR: I see. In North Vancouver?
- 215 SP: Yes, everyone lived there.
- 216 INTVWR: In North Van?
- SP: Yes, West Vancouver, North Vancouver. Then my father came in 1953
- 218 INTVWR: I see. So your father came in 1953. But, just one minute- I just want to ask- Kashmiri
- 219 Singh, did he know Kapoor Singh?
- 220 SP: Yes
- 221 INTVWR: Okay. And do you know why Kapoor Singh started his mill here in Burnaby?
- SP: That I don't know. but I do know that they had kept him as a manager, he was educated, and
- 223 that's why he took care of all the work. But then, I don't know why, maybe because of his death
- or maybe just because, but in '52, Mayo, his wife, and eldest son went to India, that's where I
- saw them. I had another chacha, he was his first cousin. It was his daughter's wedding, we were
- kids, there was a really big house, [?], my bua's sons came to visit and wander around, and they
- all said "they're here", we were all so happy they came for the wedding after such a long time.

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Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

Transcriber: Rajdeep Dhadwal (RD)

- His house over there was so big, it was right next to ours. My chacha's house was over here, his 228
- (Mayo's) house was right here, this was the [?] Inside it was a door, half of it was inside and the 229
- other half was outside. By the door, was a bathroom made, with a tub. On the side of it was a 230
- window, and the water would go into the tub through a pipe. There was a big gate, it was by a 231
- room, they called it a motor room. At first, when they used to go places, that's where they would 232
- park. Then there was a room over there where they tied up the buffalo, the people who took care 233
- of the buffalos, I'm not sure what you would call them. Then there was a kitchen and in there 234
- 235 was a wooden stove. Over there was a stove, they probably brought it in on a ship. Then there
- was a chimney on the outside and it's still there. 236
- INTVWR: I see 237
- SP: There were four bedrooms there, upstairs. There were [?] made there, there was one stair 238
- 239 here and another in the back, it went all the way upstairs, three stories. On the second floor, there
- was a hallway, we called it a hallroom, next to it was a room with lots of coloured windows. 240
- Yellow, red, green, like that. And the curtains that hung were bejeweled, what do you call that, 241
- nalpi?¹⁶ The little mirrors? They had that design with peacocks and peahens on them. The room 242
- was very big, all the windows were coloured. [18:42] There was another room here with our-243
- with whom we call our Guru, Baba Ji, Guru Granth Sahib Ji, its benti¹⁷, there was a room on the 244
- 245 other side here. There was a gallery made upstairs, with the hallroom made big, there was a
- hallway alongside it to go there and there was a roof [?]. Another room was made here [RD: 246
- ghoomghar?] 247
- INTVWR: I see, what a grand house. 248
- SP: Really! [?] is still kept there, it was a big- what's it called- you know what they call jasmine? 249
- What do they call it? I've forgotten now, they had that displayed grandly, it was so big and a 250
- great fragrance came from it. After they finished the end of the hall, there was a gate made and 251
- 252 [?]; then afterwards, a gate was erected outside. The gate was large and made of iron. The
- 253 bathroom was made outside.[19:35]
- INTVWR: And since everyone was a child at that time, what did the house dwellers think of it? 254
- SP: No one lived there. They all came here. The younger brother- I believe he was the youngest 255
- 256 out of everyone- when he came here, but he liked the work there in Bombay. He came and
- argued with his wife, her name was Vishan Kaur, he said "I'm going to go wander around San 257
- Francisco", and then from there, he went back to India. He lived there. His wife lived there, his 258
- name was Nand Singh. [20:27] 259
- INTVWR: Nand Singh. When he went to San Francisco, was he involved with the Ghadaris-? 260

¹⁷ The prayer room where the Holy Book is kept

¹⁶ Nalpi is a type of bejeweled embroidery design

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- SP: No, no. He just roamed around and from there, he went back to India. He said, "I don't want 261
- to do any work here, I like the work over there". He had some kind of transport business there, he 262
- lived in Bombay. Then afterwards his land, [?], his kids also lived over there, one or two. Two 263
- sons came here. The younger one always stayed sick, he passed away, the older one has also 264
- passed away by now. He went to India and afterwards, the rest- there was one more brother. His 265
- name was- I've forgotten it now. It'll come back to me-266
- INTVWR: It's okay, your story-267
- SP: It'll come back to me. He went to Duncan, he had a heart attack- he knocked on someone's 268
- door, and no one opened the door, they thought maybe he's drunk and right there, he died on 269
- their doorstep. [?] 270
- INTVWR: I see. Then your-271
- SP: His name was Ganda Singh 272
- INTVWR: Ganda Singh. Then, I wanted to ask- when you were young, when you were a little 273
- girl, a child, and you saw this huge house, what did you think about it? [22:00] 274
- SP: When he lived in India, he had two wives. The eldest of two sisters 18 lived there. Her 275
- granddaughter lived there, and I would play with her. Together at the house, when he first 276
- brought [?] here, when he brought his nephew and his wife, he went back- his wife lived there. 277
- He had a son and he lived here and his wife lived over there. But I would go to their house and 278
- they were very loving and I would play with them. ¹⁹ 279
- 280 INTVWR: I see. So one wife was here, the other was over there?
- SP: No, no, no. The wife was the other wife, Mayo's brother's. 281
- INTVWR: Oh, I see, I see, I see, okay. 282
- SP: She used to live in the village and the other wife lived in Ganganagar, they had land there. 283
- One of them lived here too with us. The older one lived there. 284
- INTVWR: Okay, please tell me, at this time, you went from your father in the 1950s? 285
- SP: My father went in '53. In '52, Mayo went there he was about to come, it was his son's 286
- 287 wedding, because his son, over here started an affair with a white woman. He said "we'll take
- them there, we'll stay there, six months or more, they'll fall in love with each other and then 288

¹⁸ I'm unsure whether the two wives were related as sisters. In traditional Punjabi culture, if a wife died, the widower could marry her sister if she was unmarried; the same could happen if a husband died and the widow remarried her husband's brother.

¹⁹ Clarification from interviewer or interviewee needed for this paragraph

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- we'll return". But his wedding, afterwards, thaviji²⁰ died. I don't know what illness it was, but 289
- she didn't recover. For this reason, they came back. 290
- INTVWR: I see. What was her name? [23:25] 291
- SP: Mission Kaur 292
- **INTVWR: Mission Kaur** 293
- SP: Mission Kaur, Mayo's wife, Mission Kaur. The reason they came here was that their son 294
- didn't even call them here, even though they all lived together here and married her. The one 295
- who lived here [?] and his wife, and the marriage they were going to do there, they did here, to 296
- 297 his younger brother. Then they had two sons. His death happened 8-10 years ago now, so they
- came to Vancouver. His second son, he went over there and father was still alive. He married 298
- 299 there and while he was getting married, his father passed away over here. [24:13] He was really
- upset, when he was there, his mother died here, when he was here, his father died there. Then 300
- Mayo- a hospital had been built in the village, in Paldi, [?] was studying; it was a lot of fun, there 301
- would be a function there, or lots of festivals, [?] there were so many nurses, so many doctors. 302
- Our school- where our land was, on this road, where the GT road went, the hospital was here, our 303
- 304 land was here, the other side went to the village and beyond that, the school, our land was right
- in the middle. So we always knew what was going on. The school [unintelligible], if we got 305
- headaches, there would be medicine, for no reason, it was fun. For sixpence, that's how much a 306
- prescription cost. We would lose it, and what would the doctor say? The doctor would say, it's 307
- not sixpence, it's now six $anna^{21}$. 308
- INTVWR: Huh?! 309
- SP: So we always lost it. It was fun for me. 310
- INTVWR: [?] What did it seem like when you came here, can you tell me a little bit about that? 311
- How was your marriage arranged? 312
- SP: My marriage happened like this. My father came here and my brother as well. They came 313
- here together with me, after a few months. A few months after my father came here, about eight 314
- months, my younger brother was born. When my- after 6-7 years my dad wanted to get my 315
- brother married off, and I only had one chacha, so they went for the wedding, and they said- I 316
- was in tenth grade, my chacha said "everyone will go after her, let's take everything over 317

²⁰ Dad's older brother's wife

²¹ An anna is a very old form of currency that was used in Punjab; "An anna (or ānna) was a currency unit formerly used in British India, equal to 1/16 of a rupee."

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Indian_anna#:~:text=An%20anna%20(or%20%C4%81nna)%20was,therefore%20equi valent%20to%206.25%20paise

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

Audio Recording: 2022_0029_0001_003.mp3 Interviewer: Anushay Malik (INTVWR) Interviewee: Surjeet Kaur Parmar (SP) Date of Interview: December 6, 2022

Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

- there", it felt to my dad that things wouldn't work out for me here [in India], whatever the
- 319 circumstances may be here, he didn't want to bring the family over. So after my brother was
- married in January, it was difficult to come back, right? So it was decided to quickly get me
- married, because it would be difficult to go back. So I got married too. I was in school. And
- 322 then-
- 323 INTVWR: How old were you?
- 324 SP: I was in the tenth grade, whatever age that is. I must have been 17
- 325 INTVWR: How did that feel to you at that time?
- 326 SP: It didn't seem good to me back then.
- 327 INTVWR: Didn't feel good? Aw.
- 328 SP: And then my father came here and then afterwards, I went to England. [?], his daughter, we
- had met each other for a while. He [referring to her husband, Nadeem] went there and I went
- there, and then we came here.
- 331 INTVWR: Can you tell me how England seemed to you, you had never left India by air?
- SP: When I wanted to come, then my father applied for the entire family, he wanted everyone to
- be over here.
- 334 INTVWR: I see
- SP: Maybe because of me I had to pass the medical exam, which was hard. Then we all passed-
- 336 INTVWR: Can you tell me why the medical exam was hard? Can you please explain?
- SP: [?] They did a school test, [?] was left behind and then six months passed. So my mother was
- left behind [?] My elder brothers and sisters, even before their marriages they came here, they
- were also 16, I was also 16 when I got married [?] you won't be able to return quickly, so you
- 340 had to get married. ²³
- 341 INTVWR: I see
- SP: They had applied for her too and she wanted to leave the country, my father thought, "that's
- my nephew, he does work" but afterwards, to my mother, six months passed, and after six
- months, whatever she did, she had to do it all over again.

²² She was of marriageable age and "everyone would go after her" meant that she would receive lots of attention now from suitors

²³ This point needs further clarification from the interviewer/interviewee.

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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- 345 INTVWR: I see. What subjects did they test you on?
- 346 SP: They did a school test, [?]²⁴ I don't know, nobody does it anymore. If we knew how to do it,
- we would have passed. It was so tough. You had to go to Delhi.
- 348 INTVWR: I see!
- 349 SP: There was no other place to go for it. So my younger- my sister that was younger from me-
- she passed and that was fine, they told her to take this medicine for the school test and she didn't
- take it, she said "I'm going to pass anyways", she didn't pass the school test, the rest passed. My
- two- I have two sisters and a brother- and they said, "we should go now, it took so long for
- mom", they left me at my $nanke^{25}$, and my $mama^{26}$ had already come here but she wanted to
- 354 come here, so she studied, passed and came here.
- 355 INTVWR: I see.
- 356 SP: My *mama* also came here at a young age.
- 357 INTVWR: I see.
- 358 SP: My- Ginaya Singh's wife was here, she was my *thayyi* here too as well as my mother's
- 359 bua. 27 They did our matchmaking at home, we didn't call her thayyi, we called her bua²⁸, $biji^{29}$,
- that's what they called her so we called her that. Her sons were like brothers to us, but we called
- 361 them *mama*. They brought me here to my older uncle. And then my older uncle sent for my
- younger uncle here as well.
- 363 INTVWR: I see. How did it seem to you that your entire family was going to Canada while you
- were going to England?
- 365 SP: That's what I'm telling you, when I went there, whether I would meet them or not, I lost so
- much weight that I no longer felt hungry
- 367 INTVWR: Aw
- 368 SP: There were good people there with whom [?], they were a good family, [?], and if I didn't
- 369 go, then I would prepare all the vegetables and lentils, then I would go, if I was a little late, then
- we would all come back together with me, have some tea and sit together, gossip [?]. In the first
- days when I came here from India on the plane, he brought me to his home, we ate at our home-

²⁴ They seem to have tested her on something else that I cannot understand.

²⁵ Maternal family

²⁶ Maternal uncle

²⁷ Need clarification on this

²⁸ Paternal aunt

²⁹ Respectful, informal way to say "grandmother"

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

Audio Recording: 2022_0029_0001_003.mp3 Interviewer: Anushay Malik (INTVWR) Interviewee: Surjeet Kaur Parmar (SP) Date of Interview: December 6, 2022

Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

- 372 INTVWR: Whose house?
- 373 SP: Just someone who lived here. At first we rented a house. Well, it wasn't a whole house, it
- was one room we rented
- 375 INTVWR: They were Punjabi people?
- 376 SP: Yes, they were Punjabi. There were lots of Punjabis back then.
- 377 INTVWR: In England?
- 378 SP: Yes, lots. We all lived close together. There would be one street, then the second street, then
- turning around, there was a third street, [?]
- 380 INTVWR: Then how did you come to Canada?
- 381 SP: Canada- he-my husband studied engineering and there (in India) he finished it. In the
- evening, he'd go to college and in the daytime, he'd work. When he finished, then my father said
- "let's come together, let's all live together" but then my dad died in 1960. He came home from
- work, and that was it. He came inside into the living room, and saw that his slippers weren't
- there, then he walked around, to the living room, kitchen, upstairs, then he went into the hallway,
- my brother was young, my sister was asleep because she had to go to school, then he skipped my
- bedroom, [?], just puttering around like this, my mother went to the bathroom when she came
- outside, it was around 11 PM and he came home around 10:30 PM, don't know why, and saw
- around six men downstairs. We went to look downstairs, looked and there was snow outside, and
- then all at once, death came. And then after that, we came here.
- 391 INTVWR: After that, you came. Do you remember the year?
- 392 SP: Here? '60-We came here in '73.
- 393 INTVWR: February-
- 394 SP: No, June. We came in June.
- 395 INTVWR: Not but- when did he pass away?
- 396 SP: My father? '70. '70. 1970 November. Last month. It's been 52 years.
- 397 INTVWR: 52 years?
- 398 SP: My mother too, in '98. In 1998. She had a heart attack too.
- 399 INTVWR: At that time, you were here in Vancouver?
- 400 SP: We were here in Burnaby, over at Capitol Hill
- 401 INTVWR: I see, so you were living in Burnaby?

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

Transcriber: Rajdeep Dhadwal (RD)

- SP: First my father lived in North Van, then they bought a house at Hastings and Eaton Street, by
- 403 the ocean over there, we lived there. And then after his death, a year or two later, my younger
- brother bought a house at Capitol Hill [?]
- 405 INTVWR: I see.
- 406 SP: With my mother.
- 407 INTVWR: Do you remember the address of that first house? It was on Hastings by the ocean?
- 408 SP: Maybe if I remembered in my mind, I used to write letters, you know how we used to write
- letters? I used to remember everything, here I'm talking about my bua, in case, I remember her
- name, and I still remember her phone number. I know that in this house, in 1970, when we lived
- here in this house- on top- even that was 3 blocks up.
- 412 INTVWR: I see. And what did they call the area on top of Hastings?
- 413 SP: They call it Capitol Hill
- 414 INTVWR: That was when your brother bought his house (?)
- SP: Yes my mother bought it with my brother. It was on Eaton and that was in '70- no-
- 416 INTVWR: Eaton?
- 417 SP: Eaton was the name of the street
- 418 INTVWR: Eaton. Okay, that's enough.
- SP: It was Eaton. Its front was in front of a big park and on the other side was the ocean
- 420 INTVWR: I see.
- SP: At first- the paternal aunt I was talking about, she lived here in Burnaby and the other person
- 422 who lived here was my father. The rest of the family lived in North Van. Then my paternal
- aunt's son bought a house here in Burnaby [35:14]
- 424 INTVWR: I see. And why did your paternal aunt come here?
- SP: My paternal aunt didn't come here, my paternal aunt's son came, and he applied for my
- 426 $chacha^{3031}$.
- 427 INTVWR: Okay, I see

³⁰ Dad's younger brother; paternal uncle

³¹ Applied as in, he sponsored her *chacha* to come to Canada

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

- 428 SP: The boys all came, one or two stayed behind, [35:23] [?] he had three daughters, they also
- 429 came here.
- 430 INTVWR: And your brother-
- 431 SP: Furthermore, my *nanke* and my *bua* all lived here
- 432 INTVWR: And why did your [?] also come here-
- 433 SP: My [?], just because.
- 434 INTVWR: In Burnaby
- 435 SP: [?] invited them.
- 436 INTVWR: No, no, Burnaby
- SP: He bought a house in Burnaby. First he lived with my *chacha*, and then he bought a house in
- Burnaby and brought his family here. I don't know why he bought it here, I never asked him, but
- he bought a house here in Burnaby. He bought the house before his family came here.
- 440 INTVWR: I see, before the family came to Canada. So tell me a little more about how it felt like
- to you when you came here?
- 442 SP: When I came here- I had a bit of an attachment to England at that time, before coming here, I
- was a bit nervous that now I had to leave, I had friends there, the road and streets were all fancy,
- because we walked a lot over there, if we needed something, we would get it because we only
- had to walk a few blocks. I also went to work, we'd go on the bus. I also worked downtown
- 446 INTVWR: You also worked downtown? What did you do?
- SP: At that time, the kids were still young so I didn't do anything. Then I- someone we knew
- opened a shirts factory, I did sewing.
- 449 INTVWR: I see. In England as well?
- 450 SP: Yes, in England too. I only did it for about two years.
- 451 INTVWR: Did you do any work when you came here?
- 452 SP: Here? Yes, I did some sewing because I did it there too
- 453 INTVWR: How did you find work?
- SP: There were lots of [?]. Someone told me they were hiring over there, so I went there.
- Otherwise, even at home, [?]. So then they kept me.
- 456 INTVWR: And where was that?

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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Interviewee: Surjeet Kaur Parmar (SP)
Date of Interview: December 6, 2022

Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

Transcriber: Rajdeep Dhadwal (RD)

- 457 SP: Water Street, in Vancouver
- 458 INTVWR: Walter Street?
- 459 SP: Water. Water Street in front of the ocean.
- 460 INTVWR: I see
- 461 SP: Second to Hasting, Gastown
- 462 INTVWR: And you did sewing work there?
- SP: They had lots of sewing factories there
- 464 INTVWR: I see. And how would you get there?
- 465 SP: It was on the fifth floor. 32 Bus.
- 466 INTVWR: Not tram, but bus
- SP: The bus picked us up on Hastings, people would change there at Kootenay Loop, in
- Vancouver. There was a Woodward's store there, we'd get off there and get picked up there,
- then change again and go home
- 470 INTVWR: I see. [38:21] [Conversation then veers to Anushay's pen no longer working and they
- look for a pen, then they resume the interview [39:20] CYou were telling me when you did your
- sewing work, and the bus would drop you off by Woodward's?
- 473 SP: Yes. We'd go one block behind Water St, we also call it Gastown
- 474 INTVWR: Walter Street
- 475 SP: Water. W-A-T-E-R (spells it out)
- 476 INTVWR: I see. Water Street. Did you go alone or with someone?
- 477 SP: Alone
- 478 INTVWR: I see. Can you tell me how it felt coming to a new place, even though your family
- was with you?
- SP: When- at first, I really felt it. It felt great over there, there, the people- here, the houses were
- 481 too far apart, relations were here but my friends were there. People there were really friendly,
- 482 really friendly.
- 483 INTVWR: Not friendly here?

³² I think she says fifth floor, but they are talking over one another.

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

Transcriber: Rajdeep Dhadwal (RD)

- 484 SP: They were but over there, we'd say, let's go to each other's houses, then I started working,
- everyone started working [?], the person's house we stayed at, I called her sister-in-law, she also
- started working there, [?] it felt great there with family. Here, we had family but they were all so
- far apart, they weren't that close that we could go to people's houses [?]. There were white
- people, English folk everywhere, Spanish- all were friendly
- 489 INTVWR: What kinds of things did you bring in your suitcase?
- 490 SP: Just- suits, sari. Not suits, but saris. Our quilted blankets- *rijai*, that's what we call them. Just
- 491 clothes, not really household things.
- 492 INTVWR: What about your *rijai*?³³ Did you bring that from India?
- 493 SP: That was from India.
- 494 INTVWR: That was from India. Now can you tell me how you made it?
- 495 SP: In India, we just made it at home. We had cotton from the village at home. We had a
- 496 machine there, we would put it through that
- 497 INTVWR: I see
- 498 SP: We would put it there, and then the workers who worked there would bring it back in and
- then we would begin to sew the quilt.
- 500 INTVWR: I see. And women made them?
- 501 SP: Women made them.
- 502 INTVWR: Okay, that's fine. Can you tell me when you got here where you stayed? On Capitol
- 503 Hill?
- 504 SP: Yes, I stayed with my mother for two years because my brother hadn't gotten married yet.
- So I stayed with the two of them. Mom, dad lived separately and my older brother lived
- separately, he had two kids. My younger brother lived with us for a year, then he got married and
- 507 got a house over there down the hill
- 508 INTVWR: Down the hill where?
- 509 SP: The name was- I'm remembering my house in England-Fell Avenue- by the [?] hospital. One
- 510 block behind Hastings there
- 511 INTVWR: I see

³³ Indian blanket

-

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

- 512 SP: There we stayed there-we made this house in '82-in '83- '82- in '75, we moved here, so in
- 513 '82, we came here. So 5 years.
- 514 INTVWR: So 5 years-
- 515 SP: 5-6 years, we stayed there
- 516 INTVWR: So first Capitol Hill and then Fell Avenue
- 517 SP: Yes. Over there, in '76-'77, over here by Brentwood in the front there was a building, I
- started work there. One year or maybe for two years I worked there
- 519 INTVWR: And that was sewing work?
- 520 SP: It was for- we made window coverings there. There we did what we call shades, you fold
- them and put them at the back
- 522 INTVWR: I see.
- 523 SP: They're still there [?] I made that, we would have to laminate them [?], that was my work
- 524 INTVWR: And this was a factory in Brentwood?
- 525 SP: Yes, in front of Brentwood, on the opposite side, across the road
- 526 INTVWR: What was it called?
- 527 SP: It was called Canadian Window Covering, it was an American company. And then what
- 528 happened was they made a union
- 529 INTVWR: They made a union there?
- SP: 130 workers worked there. It wasn't that [?] they made everything. I knew how to do all the
- work [?] then they closed down because now the union came [?], then it closed because the union
- came [?] you know what, young employees they tend to over-act, if you keep doing this, how is
- anything going to run? From their end, they wanted to stop fraud
- 534 INTVWR: Do you remember what demands they wanted?
- SP: They had a lot of demands, I don't really remember, it's been 33-34 years, 35. But they were
- high demands. But that's fine too, but [?], but now that the union was here, they would say "we
- don't want to do this work, we don't want to do that work".
- 538 INTVWR: Yes, absolutely
- SP: It became a bit too much and it didn't seem good to me. If you want to work, then work hard.
- Even if the union is there, you can only work if the work is there. But then through the union, I

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi Transcriber: Rajdeep Dhadwal (RD)

- found work at a brewery, where they make beer, it was here at Labatt's by the hospital, it was a
- 542 big building.
- 543 INTVWR: Can you help me understand how you found work through the union?
- SP: The union came here and I applied there. After one year, they called me to come and to
- apply to certain places [?] So then they did my medical, they did quite a bit, then they called me.
- 546 INTVWR: So the union helped you?
- SP: Yes. One more from here went to work there, two or three more [?] the work seemed good to
- me, it wasn't just one thing I'd do, there would be multiple things I'd do, sometimes I would sort
- the bottles, sometimes do packaging, it was different kinds of work, but the work was all good
- 550 INTVWR: A lot of strength
- SP: Yes, a lot of strength [?] I made orders [?], I did all kinds of work but even then, everyone
- 552 was friendly
- 553 INTVWR: Where was this brewery?
- 554 SP: It was here by Columbian Hospital, right next to it
- 555 INTVWR: Columbian Hospital?
- 556 SP: Columbian Hospital.
- 557 INTVWR: Ah, Royal Columbian Hospital
- 558 SP: Yes, next to Royal Columbian. It was a very big building, but then what happened
- afterwards is that they sold it to an American, and then they closed it here.
- 560 INTVWR: I see. What was the brewery's name?
- 561 SP: Labatt's.³⁴
- 562 INTVWR: Lavatt's?
- 563 SP: Labatt's, it's a name, isn't it? There's one B in it. Labatt's was its name.
- 564 INTVWR: I see. Labatt's.
- 565 SP: Yes. There was also one here, by Union, in Vancouver. It's name was [?], there's one in
- Toronto as well and also in Edmonton. They didn't stop the beer, but they closed the plant, I

³⁴ I believe it may be this one: https://www.cbc.ca/news/business/labatt-closing-brewery-in-new-westminster-b-c-1.479130

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

- don't know why, then the beer started coming from Edmonton. In Toronto too, they have a lot of
- plants. Then I started working through the union as a bottle sorter,
- 569 INTVWR: Water sorter?
- 570 SP: Where all the bottles are gathered for distribution, over there. With me [?] railway, what is-
- 571 train, the skytrain-
- 572 INTVWR: Which station?
- 573 SP: A few rooms were closed, but it was there-factory-
- 574 INTVWR: Which station was it?
- 575 SP: Braid Street
- 576 INTVWR: Braid Street. Okay. Where Braid Station is. Okay, I understand now.
- 577 SP: Yes, behind that. And what they've made there now, there was a building behind there,
- 578 they've taken it down and then they moved
- 579 INTVWR: Are you talking about Labatt's?
- 580 SP: No, its name was-maybe I'm mistaken- bottle sorter-its name-
- 581 INTVWR: Water sorter?
- 582 SP: No, its name was something else, I should have a card around here. And then from there,
- then I then I was having some pain, and in 1960 I left the job [?]
- INTVWR: This is a huge story that has come out. What is this bottle sorter work, can you
- 585 explain it?
- 586 SP: We would set down a bottle, an empty bottle, everyone would [?] it, we would sort it, there
- was a conveyor belt that ran, on top of it, were [?] if it was fine, then you could put it in, the belt
- would run, you would put it on there [?], we would stack them, on the other side, someone else
- would be doing work, a line was made and everyone would be doing their own work
- 590 INTVWR: And were there any of our own who worked there?
- 591 SP: Of our own?
- 592 INTVWR: Yes, of our own.³⁵
- 593 SP: Of our own- at first, there was one woman like me.

³⁵ Apne = of our own community; she is asking if there were other Punjabi workers there

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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- 594 INTVWR: Just one.
- 595 SP: And then her sister came, and that was it. There were some men, about 2 or 3. One came
- with me from Labatt's, he used to work there. So, he was one, and there were about 2 or 3 others.
- 597 INTVWR: Two or three others, not many.
- 598 SP: There were the two sisters and me, and one of our men.
- 599 INTVWR: And what was the union's name- what union was it?
- 600 SP: I've forgotten it now
- 601 INTVWR: IWA?
- 602 SP: IWA was only one
- 603 INTVWR: IWA was only one? Was it 1357? No?
- SP: I'm sure I have the card here somewhere.
- 605 INTVWR: Yes please, that's of great use
- 606 SP: I have it. BLD. BLD was the name.
- 607 INTVWR: BLD was the union's name?
- SP: No, not the union, the factory's name.
- 609 INTVWR: Ah, okay. Where you sorted bottles.
- 610 SP: Yes. [?]
- 611 INTVWR: Do you remember which year this was?
- SP: When I left that job, it was in 2001.
- 613 INTVWR: In 2001. So you were a bottle sorter in the 90s. And Labatt's?
- 614 SP: Labatt's.
- 615 INTVWR: Do you remember the year?
- SP: Labatt's, I left there in 1995. Well, I didn't leave, they shut down. I went to India and when I
- came back, they had sent us notice of layoff.
- 618 INTVWR: I see. And this- this is the union card?
- 619 SP: This is the union card.

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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Language of interview: Ordu/Hindi/Pun

Transcriber: Rajdeep Dhadwal (RD)

- 620 [They are looking at the card]
- 621 SP: 27-
- 622 INTVWR: 217? It is- ah, okay, I'm just going to write this down. It is brewery-
- 623 SP: Its name was BDL
- 624 INTVWR: Winery- the local was 300 and distillery workers.
- 625 SP: Distillery workers-
- 626 INTVWR: Local 300.
- SP: BMW³⁶, when they closed, it was over here, in Brentwood on the opposite side, which was
- the one. That's when they took my application and called me
- 629 INTVWR: I see. So this is the union where you first [?] when you were in the Brentwood place,
- 630 where you made-?
- 631 SP: In '90.
- 632 INTVWR: So this is the one you're talking about?
- 633 SP: In 1990, it closed. This is the one.
- 634 INTVWR: This is the one? Okay,
- 635 SP: It happened in '90.
- 636 INTVWR: I will do research on this one as well.
- 637 SP: In '91, I started over there.
- 638 INTVWR: In '91, you started in Brentwood
- 639 SP: A year later. No, no, over there in the brewery, at Labatt's. In '90, I finished my work over
- there, it got closed down.
- 641 INTVWR: In '90, the one in Brentwood [?], Canadian Window Coverings.
- 642 SP: Yes, Canadian Window Coverings.
- 643 SP: In '90, you finished working there. When did you start working?
- 644 SP: In '91. Over here?

³⁶ I believe she meant to say BDL

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Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

Transcriber: Rajdeep Dhadwal (RD)

- 645 INTVWR: Yes, Canadian Window Coverings
- 646 SP: I started working there in '81.
- 647 INTVWR: Really? You were there for a while. And that-
- 648 SP: I started there right after coming from India. In '80, I had to go to India, and I worked there
- for a bit in '81, and then after, I came here and finished working here.
- 650 INTVWR: I see, so you have a long history of working in Burnaby. Okay. Can you tell me your
- story of working, [?], but this [?], can you tell me, at home, what kinds of things did you eat,
- what tasted good?
- 653 SP: We mostly went to Safeway
- 654 INTVWR: To Safeway? Okay.
- 655 SP: If we needed vegetables, then we went to Gastown, Chinatown or Main Street
- 656 INTVWR: Why there?
- 657 SP: You couldn't find it here, if you wanted things like *karela*, *bhindi*, *aam*, ³⁷ the Chinese had
- 658 everything
- 659 INTVWR: And why would you go to Chinese grocery stores?
- SP: There were just Chinese grocery stores, no other stores were there
- 661 INTVWR: I see. And why did you go there to get vegetables?
- 662 SP: If we couldn't find it at Safeway, our kinds of vegetables, we'd go there to find it
- 663 INTVWR: I see
- SP: At first, you couldn't find *bhindi* here, I'll tell you this story. My father lived in North Van,
- came here to get his vegetables, and even then [?]
- 666 INTVWR: Oh really?
- SP: [?] I've heard it myself [?], he phoned everyone and said "I found *bhindi*, everyone come
- here and get it, it's in Chinatown, *bhindi* has finally arrived in Chinatown". We didn't have any
- vegetables like that here. Only the Chinese had *karela*. You could only get it in the summer [?].
- 670 right? What we did in the summer is we would buy a box of *karela*, we would make it, and then
- we would freeze it to eat for the whole year.

-

³⁷ Bitter gourd, okra, mango

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

Audio Recording: 2022_0029_0001_003.mp3 Interviewer: Anushay Malik (INTVWR) Interviewee: Surjeet Kaur Parmar (SP) Date of Interview: December 6, 2022

Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

Transcriber: Rajdeep Dhadwal (RD)

- 672 INTVWR: [?]
- 673 SP: At Safeway, you couldn't find anything like *bhindi*, we couldn't even find *aam*. *Aam* grew in
- the summer, we would have to go there to get them.
- 675 INTVWR: I see. You sure missed aam, right
- 676 SP: Yes. Now you can get everything. Even now, I see- there are so many superstores now- even
- now, I saw the flyer for this week, \$10 a box. I can't eat them because of diabetes, but even the
- kids- I got a box and no one ate it.
- 679 INTVWR: I see, so they came from India?
- 680 SP: They came from Africa, they came from Fiji
- INTVWR: I see. Sorry, I've taken a lot of your time, I just have a bit more- what about spices?
- 682 SP: Spices, you know what, there was only one store, Famous Foods. Now it's by Kingsway and
- Edmonds, over there- what was the name of the street? First it was there by Commercial Street,
- what's that street there? It was over there by Hastings. Everything was there, it was an Italian
- store, Famous Foods. We got everything from there, flour, lentils. There was only one kind of
- flour we could get, there weren't different kinds. [?] There was only one. Then we got white
- flour, what was its name? So we used that. First we got everything from there. Dried fruit,
- almonds, things like that, we got all of that from there-
- 689 INTVWR: Famous Foods?
- 690 SP: After that, one of our stores opened on Commercial, it was Fijian, what was the name, and
- there were two there- 6th and- it was on 6th and Commercial- Patel.
- 692 INTVWR: Patel.
- 693 SP: Patel. But they closed that down too now, but Famous Foods is still around. They have our
- flour. Everything of ours is made there, like $maida^{38}$, flour, all kinds of flour, all our kinds of
- 695 foods, they had a grinder.
- 696 INTVWR: Did anyone ever say that since they couldn't find chickpea flour, they used green pea
- flour instead?
- 698 SP: There was only green pea flour,
- 699 INTVWR: I see! Can you make things like pakoras with it?

-

³⁸ Wheat flour

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

Audio Recording: 2022_0029_0001_003.mp3 Interviewer: Anushay Malik (INTVWR) Interviewee: Surjeet Kaur Parmar (SP) Date of Interview: December 6, 2022 Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

- SP: You could make good pakoras with it, you could make good *kahdri*³⁹ with it too, although I
- never made it with that [?]. Making $besan^{40}$ with it wasn't good. The taste was off because it was
- 702 cheaper, but we didn't use it. We could get besan.⁴¹
- 703 INTVWR: You could get besan? From where?
- 704 SP: Famous Food.
- 705 INTVWR: From Famous Foods as well?
- SP: There was only one store. Everyone went there. Afterwards, lots of stores opened but our
- store (for the community) was started by Patel.
- 708 INTVWR: I see. I want to ask, clothes, what did you wear here?
- SP: No one wore their own⁴² clothes since I was here at first. My mother, as she got older, in
- middle age, wore clothes up to here, and up to here, with a gown, skirts up to here, the young
- 711 people wore anything, they wore whatever they wanted
- 712 INTVWR: Why didn't anyone wear their Punjabi clothes?
- 713 SP: They didn't wear their clothes because there were no rights, we had to try to become like
- 714 them. My *chacha*, my sister-in-law, cousin's wife, didn't leave the house without wearing
- 715 [Western clothes], they [white people] would still get upset and would say, "do you know what
- rights there are to live here?" They had bought a plot in Duncan [?], when they went there to buy
- 717 it, the previous owner said "now that you've bought it, make sure you built a nice house" and he
- said "What do you mean? This is my property, whether I make a shack or a house, what's it to
- 719 you?" [?]
- 720 INTVWR: Oh I see, so they didn't even let them have it?
- 721 SP: [?] Obviously if I bought this expensive of a place, I'll make sure the house that is built is
- nice. No one had any rights. We were all living in fear.
- 723 INTVWR: How- do you mean that the owner had put up a sign or-?
- 724 SP: No, no, no. They hated us.
- 725 INTVWR: I see. Have you ever experienced anything like this? [1:00:00]

³⁹ *Kahdri* is like a gravy curry.

⁴⁰ *Besan* means chickpea flour and is also a sweet (made of chickpea flour). Besan made out of green pea flour was not good.

⁴¹ She is referring to the flour here, not the sweet.

⁴² As in Punjabi clothes

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

- SP: No, I haven't experienced anything like this. In the beginning, when people settled here, it
- 727 was very difficult.
- 728 INTVWR: I see.
- 729 SP: "Become like this and stay like this", as in, how the people are here.
- 730 INTVWR: I see. So everyone was thinking that in order to keep everyone safe, we have to
- 731 become like this.
- 732 SP: Because, when the plane would bring us here, by the [?]
- 733 INTVWR: I see
- 734 SP: My mother's cousin brother [?] his wife came and their daughter came, the next day, snow
- had fallen and [?] and they said "tsk, tsk, tsk, and now-", they were in Duncan-Paldi- no, they
- lived over there in Nanaimo. I had to take them out, the next day I was told to go with them and
- get some clothes for them, they wore them and then they left [?]. They wouldn't leave otherwise.
- I had a (male) cousin over there in Duncan, I believe he lived there, and I had a (female) cousin
- and a school friend, and when I came, her sister in law had a son, and no one gave [?], no one
- 740 went out like that, no.
- 741 INTVWR: I see.
- 742 SP: No one would go out like that.
- 743 INTVWR: I see, I see.
- SP: When I went to the gurdwara, I would wear a sari. Even when I went to work, I would wear
- 745 a sari.
- 746 INTVWR: Sari?
- 747 SP: Yes.
- 748 INTVWR: I see
- SP: [?] The boss I had, the supervisor, they were all so happy, I brought printed saris, [?] they
- 750 said we'll wear these to parties.
- 751 INTVWR: To work [?]
- 752 SP: [?] I wore them to work because they wanted to see me wearing it [?]
- 753 INTVWR: [?]But when you went with someone or with yourself, was there any racism or
- 754 discrimination?
- 755 SP: Yes, there were. There were lots. But we didn't let it show.

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

- 756 INTVWR: I see
- 757 SP: There were lots outside, but not that much. Not as much as it used to be.
- 758 INTVWR: The museum wants to also show that there was racism and discrimination at all times,
- 759 absolutely
- SP: It's still around, absolutely. You know what it is? Our generation has learned how to stand
- up in front, then how to be afraid. The people who came here first were afraid because they were
- alone, they had to settle down here and make a home from scratch, but the ones who came after
- had everything already built and made. So no, it's fine now.
- 764 INTVWR: I'm going to write a quote for the museum of what you said, and I'll say it to you first
- so you can hear it, [in English] "Our generation learned to stand up in front, then they got scared
- of saying anything". Is that correct?
- 767 SP: Yes, that's correct
- 768 INTVWR: I really like what you said
- SP: It happened like that, that's why they had to take a stand. At first they were scared and they
- stopped themselves, they knew, "we would have to settle down when we go there" and "we can't
- 771 turn back and go home"
- 772 INTVWR: Yeah
- SP: I read that book by Mewa Singh, when that ship- at that time, when Mewa Singh was
- around- I read that, how he settled, how he [?], how we did what we did, I read that whole book
- and it felt like I going on the journey with him, that's how I learned everything about it, I read
- 776 that book
- 777 INTVWR: And with your people-
- 778 SP: How people helped one another,
- 779 INTVWR: Absolutely
- 780 SP: You know the gurdwara over there on 2nd street, all the ships went there and we all went
- there too, and people would get water, there would be a place for all people, all people, how we
- helped one another, [?] but everyone helped them over there [?]
- 783 INTVWR: In your story, is there anyone else who helped you?
- 784 SP: That I did myself?
- 785 INTVWR: Absolutely. Or someone else-

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

Audio Recording: 2022 0029 0001 003.mp3 **Interviewer: Anushav Malik (INTVWR) Interviewee: Surject Kaur Parmar (SP)** Date of Interview: December 6, 2022

Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

- SP: No, we can't remember that kind of work, we don't keep memories of that, it just happens-786
- 787 INTVWR: No, of your own, because we want to show, like [?]
- SP: Yes, my husband's sister came. She came- actually, we tried hard to get her to come here, we 788
- looked for boys [for her to marry], but she didn't come, she didn't agree to any proposal, no 789
- kesmat, then when she got married, she went to over to Assam, then she had a son, she had her 790
- husband, her mother in law, go over there, call your husband, I said, when she was single, she 791
- didn't come because my mother and father in law didn't come because of her because she was 792
- in India, now she's married and has her own children and they've grown, and now we can't do 793
- anything for her in order to come? It's against her, Then her [?] lived in Toronto and when they 794
- came, they came as refugees, on Dec. 4th was the last day, I believe, and quickly her brother was 795
- refused a visa, and she said her son and my father should live with me, my father in law, she said 796
- 797 my father is over there, he can't come here, I want to show my son, they sent her a sponsorship
- and she got a visa. She had to go to Calcutta to get a visa and from the 4th to the 27th, 28th-798
- something like that in November, and over there, she didn't go home, she went to Delhi, there 799
- bought a ticket, clothing, brought nothing. There her *mama*, her mother in law's brother, he was 800
- a secretary to the PM went through him, went to Punjab for two days, my brother [?] bought 801
- some stuff for the house, some she took, and here, [?] last date to come, she came that night. I 802
- 803 had a phone call from [?], that how I found out. I didn't even know.
- INTVWR: I see, I see 804
- SP: Then within a month, she came. She had two sons, one was my [?] wasn't even a year older 805
- than him, a year maybe. She said, "For me it's hard". I said, "But I also work, how can I look 806
- after them? 807
- 808 **INTVWR**: Absolutely
- SP: "How will I do work?" And she said, "Your sister is here too", my sister was with me, and I 809
- said "she works too, it's not like-", and she said "what child does she have? Your brother's child, 810
- you brought him, you can't take care of him, my sister will take care of him". 811
- INTVWR: Oh no. 812
- SP: I said "whatever you're doing is fine, whatever you say, I'll do it, even if you don't want to 813
- do it, I'll still do it, even if it's difficult, whatever, but I can't leave work, I can't afford it". Then, 814
- in December she came, and in March, I had enough money and she went to India. She's such a 815
- fool, I'll call her a fool because if you're going to come, then bring all your stuff. Her brother in 816
- law shouldn't have come, that was the problem. She had one suitcase, the kids had no things, 817
- 818 then she didn't bring them. Then my father in law was with us, we're also hand to mouth as well
- [?], we got married and came, took out a loan, [RD: for whose marriage?], two years after, she 819
- came- his father, his mother died, he went to India, brought father back, so much happens, right? 820
- All of this took about 4 years for him. 821

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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- 822 INTVWR: I see
- 823 SP: He had to apply as a refugee, right? He did that for his father from over there. And then I
- could continue working over there at Canadian Window Coverings, there were three shifts in 24
- hours. They gave me afternoon work. I would take my son with me, I would bring him back,
- work the whole day, make food, take care of father-in-law as well, I would get everything ready
- and made for my father in law early in the mornings, I would get up really early. After having
- kids, you have to take care of them, have to make food-
- 829 INTVWR: It's really difficult
- 830 SP: You can't rest by yourself, if I needed to rest- from there, I would get groceries, I could get
- up and get groceries, but I couldn't do much else. The child at night, have to get him, feed him,
- give him water, bathe him, put him to sleep.
- 833 INTVWR: How did you get your work done? Were your children with your sister or with your
- 834 mother?
- 835 SP: No, my kids went to school, they were older.
- 836 INTVWR: Ah, okay. They had grown up.
- 837 SP: At first, it was like this with my children while I was raising them. I will tell you something-
- it was snowing, I left them [?]. They would get out at 4:30 and I would drop them off at 4:00.
- We reached home at 8:30. Kids alone, they would phone whomever they could- sometimes
- they'd phone my brother, sometimes my sister. We'd say, what can we do? We didn't even have
- cell phones back then. "She'll come" "where did she go? Where can we find her?" If the bus
- didn't arrive, then how would they understand? The bus came [?] there was no place. I reached
- home at 8:30, 4 children [?] in the morning, I'd go to work, come home in the evening. I would
- get the kids ready and then go. The school was nearby, my son came home, we lived in a
- basement. After 2-3 months we moved upstairs, we got a house within 2 years because [?], so we
- could apply for my husband's brother and afterwards then everyone could come (?), the house
- we couldn't get because we took money from here, if we wanted to give the downpayment, we
- would have had to give \$15,000, \$5,000 we took from here, \$10,000 someone gave us a
- guarantee to the bank, 10,000 second mortgage, it got to \$15,000, the whole amount? We got the
- 850 house, it wasn't like this where they looked at your tax return, no, they just believed you. We
- would just show them that we have this much money and they showed us the house, gave the job
- [?], we applied on his behalf and he didn't come. After 6 months, we asked again and he gave the
- papers again, [?], I said I filled it, he said, "no I'll fill it out", he didn't come and said he didn't
- want to work here. He played for a soccer team there, he was having fun, and how long could
- that go on for? So he didn't come. If he came with his mother and father-
- 856 INTVWR: Then he could have settled down.

Interview with Surject Kaur Parmar

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Language of interview: Urdu/Hindi/Punjabi

Transcriber: Rajdeep Dhadwal (RD)

- 857 SP: Then my husband's sister could have come instead, but nobody did and then that was it. His
- marriage didn't happen either, not even my husband's sister, she didn't like any boys. I looked
- here [for suitors for her] too, and [?] went to [?] Toronto, and said nothing [?] So then the
- marriage happened. It's been 4 years now, her husband came. [?]
- 861 INTVWR: At this point, they were older
- 862 SP: They came too, and he stayed behind, and left him behind
- 863 INTVWR: Oh really?
- SP: [?] He's the one I'm waiting for. The mother in law stays over there and sometimes comes to
- visit. Then when he comes, then she'll come [?] when he comes, then over there we'll all be
- together. [?] I already studied here for 4 years, [?] I was educated, I did my MA, Master's
- degree, after that, teacher in India, over here, three month course to be a nurse, standard care aid,
- 868 I did that. Then got a job and-⁴³
- 869 INTVWR: Everything was fine after that
- 870 SP: Yes. Then- I didn't get along with my husband's sister. And she wanted to stay here and we
- stayed there, and we would stay together. Should have kept her here in the first place then.
- 872 INTVWR: Absolutely
- 873 SP: She didn't go. And then her mother in law came here.
- 874 INTVWR: Thank you so so much. Thank you for telling this amazing story. [1:15:32]

-

⁴³ Not clear if she is talking about herself here or not